Venus OS Extended image: Signal K and Node-RED

(DRAFT - THIS DOCUMENT IS ABOUT NOT YET COMPLETELY FINISHED FUNCTIONALITY)

1. Introduction

This manual documents the extended version of Venus OS, which adds Signal K and Node-RED. For more information on either of the two, see Google.

Status and where this development is going

Currently, these images are available as beta versions. Working well, several users are using this without any issues; and are super happy with the provided functionality.

The remaining work are mostly small improvements, clean ups and testing.

There will be two flavours of Venus OS to install:

1. the normal one as we've been building for years now. With all normal & supported functionality.
2. the large- aka extended flavour. All the same as the normal one, but with addition of Signal K & Node-RED.

Switching between them will be easy: a simple switch in the gui. Updating will be easy as well, the online updates will work, just like they do now for the normal images.

For now not that easy yet: installing and updating is done using the offline install method: with usb stick or sd-card.

Why not keep it all in one like it has been until now? To save download and install time for the (vast majority) of users that will not use these features. And they increase the download (& installed) size enourmously.

More details here:

- https://github.com/victronenergy/venus/issues/378
- https://github.com/SignalK/signalk-server-node/issues/517

2. Where to find support

There is and will be no official support on the functionalities included in this image. For support, turn to the Modifications Space on Victron Community.

3. Requirements

A compatible GX device:

- Cerbo GX
- Venus GX (serial number HQ1842 or later, or upgraded to the large partition layout - more information in Appendix A)
- Octo GX
- MultiPlus-II GX
- EasySolar-II GX

The CCGX and CanVU GX are unfortunately not able to run the extended version.

Venus OS extended is also available for certain RaspberryPi models. Installation files below, and installation & other raspberrypi specific instructions here.

3. How to install

Step by step instructions

- **Step 1.** (For Venus GX-es with a serial number below HQ1842 only) - first perform the procedure as explained in Appendix A below. Warning, that procedure can only be carried out by technical skilled persons.
- **Step 2.** Disable Auto updates. See Settings → Firmware → Online updates in Remote Console.
- **Step 3.** Download the latest Venus-OS Extended image from the last comments on this issue.
- **Step 4.** Install that file using the GX Offline install method. Requires a USB-stick or Micro SD-Card.
- **Step 5.** Verify that the image was successfully installed: go to Settings → Services, and check that Signal K and Node-RED are now available to enable.
- **Step 6.** Enable either Signal K or Node-RED. Note that though its possible to enable both, doing so on a Venus GX is “pushing it”, the system might become slow. Installer access level is required to enable/disable these servers, see Settings → General.
- **Finished**. The Venus OS Extended image has now been installed successfully. Continue in either the Node-RED or the Signal K chapter below.

Special note for the RaspberryPi

Unfortunately, simply installing the .swu file on your already installed image won't work, since the partitions are too small. You'll need to, at least once, reflash the image to an sdcard. There after you can use the .swu files for updates again. Both the image to flash to an SD-Card as well as the .swu file are available in above link.

4. Node-RED

A good tutorial on how to work with Node-RED is here: https://nodered.org/docs/tutorials/first-flow

The Node-RED editor is at http://venus.local:1880/. For some systems, you'll have to replace `venus.local` by the ip-address.

4.1 Introduction

4.2 Installing extra nodes

Node-RED comes with a core set of useful nodes, but there are many more available from both the Node-RED project as well as the wider community.

For example nodes that give access to weather data, or with timer functionality, and so forth.

You can search for available nodes in the Node-RED library.

The Victron Pallette and the Dashboard pallette come pre-installed.

Read the Adding nodes to the Pallette - guide by Node-RED to learn how to install and manage node pallettes.

To install new nodes/pallettes requires a working internet access.

Palettes will be installed on the data partition on the GX Device. Which means that they will remain installed when updating Venus OS to a new version.

it is possible to remove self-installed palettes.see the remove button in the palette manager.

its not possible to remove pre-installed nodes; it is possible to disable them.

When installing a newer version of a palette than what is pre-installed in Venus OS, node-red will use that newer version.

Todo add what happens if user has a palette self installed and Venus OS then comes with a newer version pre-installed.

Make sure that there is always 30MB of free space remaining on the data partition. TODO: how can a user see that? Also mem usage / mem free & some cpu stats would be nice to see. Maybe with a dashboard & flow? ;o)

5. Signal K

5.1 Introduction

5.1.1 Why have Signal K on your GX Device?

By adding Signal K, the GX device becomes a data hub for all marine electronics on your yacht. For example audio, boat speed and wind data, and more. The Signal K is the interface between all those devices and protocols on one side, and mobile Apps on phones, tablets and the alikes on the other. Note that SignalK itself is not a visualisation tool, its purpose is purely to gather all the data and make

it available for web- phone-, and tablet-apps for the visualisation.

Also, there are SignalK plugins to forward the data to influxdb & Grafana.

Popular Apps compatible with Signal K:

- Wilhelm SK - WilhelmSK is a highly customizable boat instrument display available for iPhone, iPad, Apple Watch and AppleTV.
- ... (welcome to add more here)

5.1.2 Instruments compatible with Signal K

- All Victron products that can be connected to a GX device
- NMEA0183 and NMEA2000 GPS data, AIS data, Wind Temperature and other environmental data, tbd
- Engine data available on NMEA2000 and SAE 1939
- Fusion Stereo

And many more.

5.1.3 What is Signal K ?

Signalk-server is a software application that, in the context of this manual, runs on your GX Device and interface to all Victron protocols and more. It uses plugins, and there is a large community of enthusiasts around it, making it one of the most flexible and complete pieces of software that understands the plethora of protocols of all different manufacturers that make marine electronics.

For more information on Signal K, read the Signal K website. And our blog post of a while ago.

Note that Signal K is not a Victron project. At Victron, we a great fans of sailing, open source as well as community driven projects. And Signal K is a perfect example of such project. And when running on a GX Device its a perfect marriage.

5.1.4 Signal K - the data format

Strictly speaking, Signal K is not software but a data format. And Signalk-server is the name of the software.

This section explains the rationale behind the data format.

Signal K is a modern and open data format for marine use. Its goal is to

- create a shared data model for marine related data - make marine related data easy to access, handle and build applications on

The shared data model allows you to handle the data in a uniform way independent of how the data is produced. In practice this means that you can refer to your battery voltage with `electrical/batteries/1/voltage` and not care where data came from: Victron BMV, NMEA 2000 bus or some other voltage sensor.

Easy access means that you can use modern standards like HTTP, WebSockets and JSON that are in widespread. There is a wealth of knowledge and skilled people are easy to find, with no special marine related knowledge needed to get started.

In Venus OS it brings all the data available in the GX system, including NMEA 2000 data, to a single data model and programming interface.

5.1.3 Considerations on how to install Signal K

The type of install described in this document, running Venus OS including SignalK, has these advantages: TODO elaborate. Doing this was born out of a wish to make SignalK more mainstream, less of a rapsberrypi / hobbieists/tinkerers product.

The other common type of SignalK install, installed on a RaspberryPi running Raspbian, has the advantages of more flexibility, and ease of installing extra components such as Grafana or Influx. The disadvantage is that you are basically setting up a Linux computer yourself, which you'll also have to maintain yourself. Whereas the Venus OS type is more of a complete product; no need to bother about keeping individual components up to date and worrying about their compatibility.

There is no one right way for everyone to do this; the best solution will depend on the requirement.

For raspberrypi owners, note that its very easy to try both methods and change between them: simply have two sdcards.

5.2 Where to find support?

As above already introduced, use the Modifications space on Victron Community. As an extra, for Signal K we recommend the Victron channel in the SignalK Slack.

Do not contact normal Victron support for any help on SignalK. Its based on community support, not official support.

5.3 Signal K details

TODO: remove these versions, and replace by a link to the change-log.

And instead add information on what specifics we do in the Signal K install.

1. Signalk-node version is 1.18.0
2. Victron Venus Plugin, v1.10.0

5.4 First use & configuring

Step 1. Opening the dashboard

Open a web browser, and go to the SignalK Dashboard by navigating to http://venus.local:3000.

Further documentation about that is … (some link to singalk-node documentation?)

Step 2. Configure serial connections

Use this to, for example, configure a USB-connected NMEA0183 connection in SignalK. To do so, go to the dashboard (http://0.0.0.0:3000), and there to Server → Connections.

Make sure to not add a connecting using any of the built-in serial ports (/dev/ttyO0, /dev/ttyO2, /dev/ttyO4, /dev/ttyO5). These are the VE.Bus- and VE.Direct ports on the Venus GX, and it is not necessary to configure them in SignalK. Data from any devices there connected is already available in SignalK, by means of the “Victron Venus Plugin”; see Dashboard → Server → Plugin Config.

Note that once configured in SignalK, for example a USB-serial port, that port is no longer normally available in Venus OS. For example, when plugging in a USB-GPS; and then adding a connection for its corresponding tty in the SignalK, makes for that GPS to be no longer be recognised and available in Venus OS.

Step 3. Configure can-bus connections

For the Venus GX, SignalK comes pre-configured with a NMEA2000 listener for the VE.Can ports, its named “n2k-on-ve.can-socket”, and uses the canboatjs.

Note that, to keep that operational, that port must be configured as a 250kbit VE.Can & NMEA2000 port in the Remote Console.

Step 4. Adding Signalk Plugins or Webapps

TODO: explain & warn about data partition size & space (since thats where plugins are installed by signalk on Venus OS). Filling up the datapartition can corrupt Venus OS. More information about data partition on Venus OS here: https://github.com/victronenergy/venus/wiki/data-partition

5.5 Signal K FAQ

Q1 How to best handle & install a GPS

You want the data available in SignalK and in Venus OS, so that it gets to VRM. And preferably a quality GPS.

USB GPS Dongle

Plugging it into the GX Device will make it be recognised automatically; within Venus OS itself as well as in SignalK, using the victron venus plugin. No need to configure anything.

NMEA2000 GPS

Connect it to the GX Device on the canbus port. Consider using our `VE.Can to NMEA2000 cable` to

go from the NMEA2000 Micro-C cables to the RJ-45 on the GX Device.

In Venus OS v2.60, support for NMEA2000 GPS-es was added.

Signal K can then get it in two ways: directly from the NMEA2000 canbus in case thats configured as a data provider in Signal K. And via the native Venus OS functionality through the Victron-signalk-plugin.

Conclusion (untested), when using a NMEA2000 GPS, it will be available to both Venus OS and Signal K.

Part of a NMEA0183 network

Tbd. Actually a NMEA0183-network is probably something that doesnt exist: you can't have NMEA0183 in a network, its point to point.

Appendix A - Repartitioning Venus GX flash memory

The Venus GX has sufficient flash memory to run the Venus OS Extended image. But up until end of 2018 it was produced with a partition layout not suitable to run large versions of Venus OS. This appendix explains how to self update the partitions to the new format. Perform this procedure only when connected via Ethernet. Do not use the built-in WiFi AP to performing this procedure. The AP will not work half way the procedure.

WARNING: this procedure is available and documented here for the benefit of users that are technical enough to perform it. In order to make it possible for them to upgrade their Venus GX to make it compatible with the extended version of Venus OS. Victron offers no support or warranty on this. Running the installer is not something Victron normally asks end-users to do, its for in the factory.

It is impossible to brick the device using this procedure. Its always possible to run the installer again. But, to make the device operational again, also the files must be restored, if anything then with other contents.

Venus GX-es with serial number HQ1842xxxxx and later already have the new partition layout from the factory.

Requirements

- An SD Card
- Computer skills

Note that a USB stick will not work. Installer images can only be ran using an SD Card.

Step A. Enable and obtain root access

See these instructions.

Step B. Secure factory files

Copy below four files to your computer.

- /data/venus/serial-number
- /data/venus/wpa-psk
- /data/venus/part-number
- /data/conf/vrm_auth_token.txt (don't worry if that does not exist, then skip it).

Below commandline instructions show how to do that on linux from the commandline. For Windows try Mobaxterm, or WinSCP. Putty won't work, its not for transferring files. There is Putty SCP (PSCP), as well, but then you need to know how to handle the commandline in Windows. We recommend using the other two.

Procedure on Linux:

```
mkdir my-temp
cd my-temp
mkdir conf
mkdir venus
scp "root@192.168.178.122:/data/venus/*" ./venus/
scp "root@192.168.178.122:/data/conf/vrm_auth_token.txt" ./conf/
```

Background information on the factory files

The first two are needed for the built-in accesspoint to work. Without them, the script that should start it is in an endless loop.

Third file is not used anywhere (at this moment), but easy enough to recreate by hand as well.

Fourth file: without it the system won't be able to send data to VRM anymore. Either make sure to keep that file, or after having booted the new version, go to the VRM Portal, Settings → General. And scroll to the bottom. There will be an option to reset the token. This option is only visible after the portal has received data from the reflashed device.

Step C. Run the installer image

First, download the latest official installer image.

Then, write it to an sdcard (tip: use BalenaEtcher, see Google)

Finally, run the installer by inserting the sdcard containing the installer, and then power up while pressing the small recessed button on the right of the long green connector with, for example, a paperclip.

There is a bi-color LED on the other side of the same long green connector, indicating the status:

- off, no image found
- red blinking, busy

- green on, done
- red on, error

Side info: see here for more details on installing an image.

Once done, reboot the device, and then re-obtain yourself root access to continue. Note that all is reset, you'll need to go to Remote Console on LAN, then change access level again, enable ssh, change root password, and then login.

Step D. Restore the files

Again, this is how to do it on Linux:

```
scp ./conf/vrm_auth_token.txt "root@192.168.178.122:/data/conf/"
scp ./venus/* "root@192.168.178.122:/data/venus/"

# reboot
ssh 192.168.178.122 reboot
```

Step E. Install extended Venus OS

Now, the Venus GX has been repartitioned, and has a certain version of the normal Venus OS installed. Next step is to install the extended image. Refer to the Installation instruction chapter above.

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