VEConfigure: grid codes & loss of mains detection

This document applies to VE.Bus firmware 419 and later.

1. Grid codes and complying to local regulations

All countries have their own legislation and therewith their own requirements with regards to the speed of Loss of mains detection, under & over voltages, accepted ramp times, and so forth. To make an installation comply to local regulations, the correct grid-code needs to be selected.

The exact requirements differ widely between the countries. For example the normal Multis, Quattros and MultiCompacts are certified for use in the UK. For other countries, Germany for example, only the MultiGrid is and can be certified to be used without having to add more external anti-islanding safety devices (ENS). And in yet other countries an external ENS is required and/or the inverter/charger must be configured with the right grid-code. Check the safety certificates on our website to see the allowed models for your country.

2. Loss of mains detection (LOM)

What is LOM detection?

LOM is an automatic process that detects a change and so loss of the mains/network/grid supply. After the detection, the inverter/charger will open its back-feed relay, making sure there is no live AC voltage on its AC-inputs, and anything connected to these inputs.

Why is LOM detection required?

The purpose of LOM is to detect that the Multi is no longer connected to the mains. Be that a generator or the grid. In such case, the Multi needs to open its back-feed relay. Not doing that would be unsafe. Imagine an electrician working on the street, and disconnecting a house. He then needs to be able to safely work on the wiring from the house.

How does LOM detection relate to overload shutdowns?

To detect a loss of mains, the inverter/charger will constantly try to shift the AC frequency. When connected to a stable grid, with a normal accepted impedance, it will not be possible to do so, and it can therefore detect that the mains is still present. In case the mains was lost, the inverter/charger will be able to shift the frequency at will, without any resulting correction currents.

When connected to a generator, or to a grid with a long extension cable or long 'last mile' cable, the

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pushing and pulling on the grid does create high currents, and as a result the inverter/charger algorithm can become unstable and switch itself off in overload.

How does LOM detection relate to passthru?

Similar to above section about overload, a too weak connection to the utility can cause continuous increases and decreases in frequency, not resulting in overload but still resulting in continuous shifts in frequency.

This (can) cause a safety mechanism to activate which temporarily disables feed-in.

How to identify if LOM detection causes issues?

By temporarily disabling the LOM, one can identify that the LOM is causing an issue. Here is how to disable it:

Open VEConfigure, and then on the Grid tab, change LOM detection setting to None. This requires a password, contact your dealer.

Save the settings, and wait to see if this helps. In case it does help, see next section.

NOTE: for LOM to cause issues is really rare. Its documented in detail on this page to help installations where it does cause an issue, but its really rather rare to happen in the first place. Do make sure to read the ESS manual, and especially its FAQ chapter, for other common causes of issues when troubleshooting.

What to do when LOM detection causes issues?

The previous section explains how to identify if LOM causes an issue. It can cause overload shutdowns, and it can also cause a system to frequently show "Passthru" as a state. Mostly related to a high impedance connection to the utility.

The solution is then to make for a better connection to the utility - but as that is often quite hard to achieve, here is another solution: keep LOM disabled and install an external anti-islanding safety devices (ENS). For example from Ziehl, or another brand. Make sure to comply to local rules & regulations - this is a real critical safety issue.

LOM detection Type A and Type B

Within the Victron product range, there are two types of LOM detection available **Type A** and **Type B**.

All recent certified grid codes use Type B. On the MultiPlus-II models, **all** grid codes use Type B, and Type B is no longer used.

Type A is the strongest form of LOM detection resulting in the quickest detection time. It requires a

low impedance connection to the grid (short, well sized cables). LOM **Type A** will not work with generators.

Type B has a more soft approach and a slightly longer detection time. **Type B** has been type tested and approved for most Multi/gridcode combinations. (*The only combination not tested so-far is MultiPlus/Quattro i.c.w. UK grid code. However this combination is most likely valid. It has just not been type tested yet.*)

On generators, and also with installations having a relatively high impedance mains connection, **Type B** will work better than **Type A**.

For generators on which also **Type B** does not work, see Disabling LOM.

Disabling LOM

Besides choosing Type A and B, it is also possible to disable the LOM entirely. Note disabling the LOM on an input connected to the grid is only allowed when other external safety equipment is installed.

Disabling the LOM on an input connected to generator can be done, but then other methods / warning signs must be provided. Ensuring that any installer that will work on the generator will make sure to also switch off or otherwise disconnect the Inverter/charger system.

Grid codes and Type A and Type B LOM

Some Grid codes will use Type A and others will use Type B. The Type that has been tested and approved for compliancy is marked with <u>grid code compliant</u>. See below screenshot.

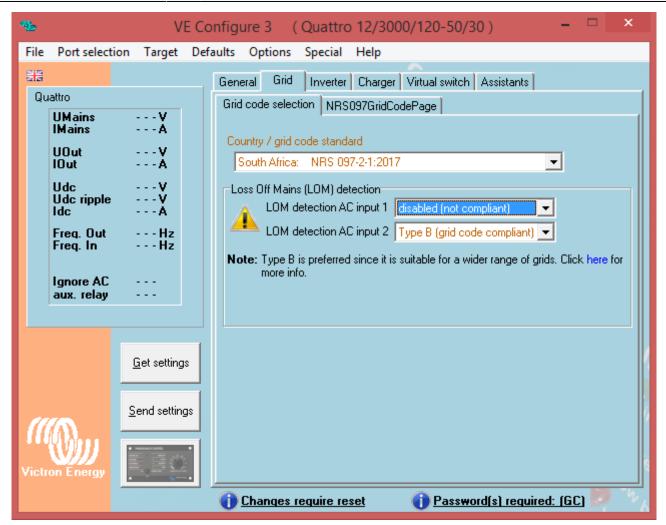
- Grid codes using Type A: VEConfigure lets you override that to Type B and/or disabling LOM.
- Grid codes using Type B: VEConfigure lets the installer override it to disabling LOM only.

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VE Configure 3 (Quattro 12/3000/120-50/30) - - ×		
<u>File</u> Port select	ion <u>T</u> arget <u>D</u> e	faults Options Special <u>H</u> elp
General Grid Inverter Charger Virtual switch Assistants		
Quattro		Grid code selection VDE grid code settings
UMains IMains	··· V	
UOut IOut	····¥	Country / grid code standard Germany: VDE-AR-N 4105:2011-08, internal NS protection
Udc Udc ripple Idc	····¥ ····¥	Loss Off Mains (LOM) detection LOM detection AC input 1 Type A (grid code compliant)
Freq. Out Freq. In	Hz Hz	LOM detection AC input 2 Type A (grid code compliant) Type B (compliance: see note) disabled (not compliant) Note: Type B is preferred since it is suitable for a while non-ange or grost for this
Ignore AC aux. relay		model/gridcode combination, Type B has not been certified yet and is therefore not officially compliant with the grid code. Click here for more info.
	<u>G</u> et settings	
(((1)))	<u>S</u> end settings	
Victron Energy		
Changes require reset () Password(s) required: (GC)		

3. Example configuration in VEConfigure

- A generator that requires LOM to be disabled.
- Generator on AC in 1, and grid on AC in 2, as recommended.



4. Questions

Q1: Where can I get the password?

A: From your dealer.

Q2: Can I use ESS in a vehicle or a boat?

A: No you cannot. After unplugging the shore cord it can take up to a few seconds for the system to detect the loss of mains and open the back-feed relay. During those seconds, the shore power plug will be `live`: there is 230 Volts AC on the terminals. The exact number of seconds differs per country and depends on the local requirements.

The same applies to other solution where the wiring is not protected against accidental removing, for example a simple cable with end-user removable plug, such as a portable power supply.

Q3: Can I use ESS with a generator?

A: Yes you can. Note that the only installation type where that makes sense is a land based installation (no boat, and no vehicle). A Quattro must be used with AC input 1 connected to the

generator, and AC input 2 connected to the grid. The role of the generator will be to provide power during a long grid failure.

Some, bigger or better quality generators, will be able to work with LOM **Type B**. For other less stable generators it will be required to disable LOM entirely. In that case make the installation such that it is still safe: no simple extensions cords, use enclosed wiring cabinets with warnings on the outside and/or an external ENS.

More information here: https://www.victronenergy.com/live/multiplus_faq

Q4: I use ESS, but have disabled feed-back, is a grid-code still required?

A: Yes, also in this case LOM is required to make for a safe and also local regulations compliant system. Running ESS with disabled-feed-back is still not the same as using a Multi in its default configuration without ESS.

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